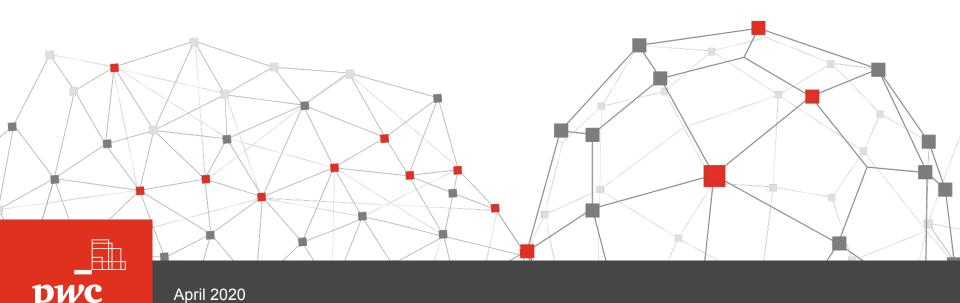
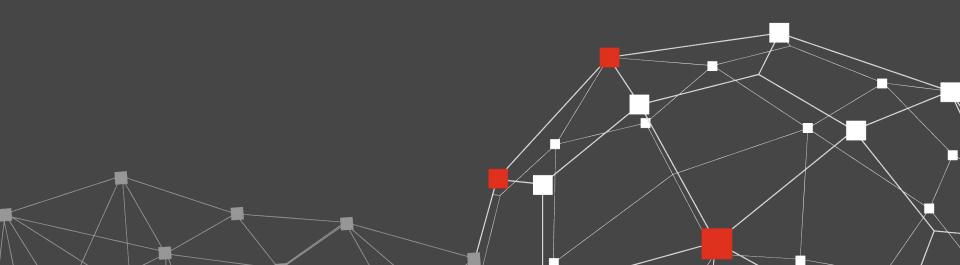
COVID-19

Return to Workplace Considerations



Return to Workplace



Business leaders are acutely aware of the impacts COVID-19 has had on their business

Leaders have responded by...

...recognising the need to manage costs and workforce

...settling in to new ways of working

...preparing for the return to the workplace

53%

Are projecting a decline of at least 10% in company revenue and/or profit this year¹

79%

have mature capabilities in IT infrastructure, tools and controls to support interaction²

50%

anticipate higher demand for employee protections (e.g., increased demand for benefits)¹ 70%

considering deferring/cancelling planned investments¹

49%

say remote work is here to stay for some roles¹

67%

have mature capabilities to track the location of their workforce and remote ways of working² 32%

expect layoffs to occur, as CFOs continue to target costs¹

68%

have established protocols on ways of working remotely and for managing remote teams²

79%

have defined critical roles / functions that can be performed remote²

- 1. Source: PwC COVID-19 US CFO Pulse Survey (link) Data as of April 27, 2020: base of 305 U.S. Finance leaders
- 2. Covid Navigator (link) Data as of April 16, 2020: 600+ US respondents

COVID-19:

How to prepare, respond and emerge stronger

Six areas of response:









Tax & Trade





Strategy & Brand

While all **six areas of response** at the left need to be addressed to appropriately manage the <u>COVID-19 crisis</u> and recovery, evaluating **when and how to gradually bring employees back to the workplace** represents one of the most critical challenges your organisation will need to solve for.

It is a complex problem with many questions to consider:

"How can we ensure the health and safety of our people?"

"Are workers comfortable returning to the workplace? Do we even return?"

"What are the unique considerations for each country, city, site?"

PwC weighs *return to workplace* decisions across *four decision criteria*:

"How should we sequence and pace the ramp up?"

"How can we best generate revenue in the wake of COVID-19?"

"What will it cost to appropriately bring people back to work?"



4

Decision criteria, applied as part recovery readiness, informs the return to workplace (RtW) transition plan



Most companies have already pivoted to a 'new normal', which includes the following workforce dimensions ¹

Responding to the Crisis: Protecting People

Lead with responsive, empathetic communications and policies

Ensuring Work Gets Done: Secure & Productive Work New ways of working and new forms of connectivity

Managing Liquidity: Workforce Cost Management Assess short and long-term workforce cost levers to plan for sustainability

Preparing for Recovery: Recovery Readiness Prepare for increased demand via workforce planning and strategy



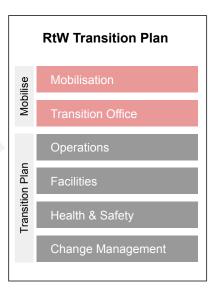
Purpose-Led Communications

Increased frequency, new modalities of multi-stakeholder communication and leadership engagement

Prepare for the return to workplace

Mobilise a RtW task force and set up Transition Office to review response effectiveness to date, scenario plan for key decisions, define and manage action plan.





^{1.} More detail on the dimensions of work by which companies are already managing through crisis is available in the appendix or on PwC's COVID-19: Workforce considerations page

There are four key decision criteria to evaluate prior to bringing back subsets of the workforce





Health & Safety

ate

Type of Work



Financial (Cost & Revenue)



Worker Needs / Preference

- Ensure compliance with local, state and federal laws and guidelines, including privacy considerations
- Identify jobs that require in-person interaction with other people (on-site or field)
- Understand costs incurred or saved by bringing people back to work (e.g., cleaning fees)
- Assess workers' attitudes towards health and hygiene in the current climate

Establish a sanitary work environment

- Identify jobs that require in-person interaction with technology or machinery
- Identify and stand up new revenue streams or expand existing offerings (e.g., new products/services)
- 2 Understand worker personal situations (e.g., childcare, financial)

- Establish medical protocols to manage a returning workforce (e.g., anonymised temperature checking)
- Understand where risk and compliance issues are magnified if jobs are not managed on-site
- Plan for fluctuations in typical business demand during the COVID-19 recovery period

3 Evaluate comfort with remote working and perceived effectiveness of collaboration tools/remote ways of working

- Revisit and update proper environment, health and safety (EHS) and emergency protocols
- Assess where productivity
 decreases significantly if work is
 performed off-site

Identify key skills needed for new ways of working and plan for Citizen-led innovation program

Mobilise a team to build and execute the transition plan

Mobilise

RtW Mobilisation

Establish baseline and set intention

- Evaluate effectiveness and identify areas for improvement across six areas of response (Crisis Mgmt., Workforce, Operations & Supply Chain, Tax & Trade, Finance & Liquidity, Strategy & Brand)
- Evaluate effectiveness of COVID-19 response across five workforce dimensions (Protecting People, Secure & Productive Work, Cost Mgmt. Recovery Readiness, Communication)
- Design and facilitate return-to-work strategy workshop with key stakeholders
- Monitor two-way feedback channels to check-in on the workforce
- Develop and align on return to workplace strategy
- Stand up transition office

Transition Office

Coordinate return to workplace response to promote compliance and efficiency

- Build return to workplace project plan
- Monitor local, state, and federal statutes and drive compliance
- Execute and manage the return-to-work strategy and plan
- Monitor and measure return to workplace progress



Operations

Ramp up operations to meet demand

- Develop a site-level schedule week-by-week and day-by-day, based on volume forecasts, local regulations, and remodeled schedules
- Establish operating hours by site (e.g., for manufacturing plants, stores, contact centers)
- Identify roles to ramp back up and roles to stay furloughed or continue working remotely
- Establish return-to-work schedules at the employee level by site, including selection of employees if return is oversubscribed
- Establish incident management team, tools and processes

Facilities

RtW Transition Plan

Design a workplace that enables safe distancing

- Remodel the office infrastructure (e.g., retrofitting desks with plexiglass shields to limit close contact between workers)
- Redesign individual workspace configuration to create space between employees
- Redesign/close collaborative spaces to allow for distancing
- Invest in tools/infrastructure that continue to securely enable virtual collaboration (e.g., collaboration software, network bandwidth, laptops, wifi / vpn access, identity and access management, data trust, threat detection and response)

Health & Safety

Implement policies and practices to ensure a sanitary work environment

- Design and implement sanitisation protocols and schedule for more stringent, regular cleaning of premises
- Design and implement physical distancing and personal protective equipment use guidelines
- Determine and enforce appropriate mechanisms to control human traffic flow, including staggering work times
- Establish health verification methods and channels (e.g. temperature checking, self-reporting in an app) against privacy and policy considerations
- · Mobilise in-house medical staff
- Define visitor protocols / screening processes; review contingent workforce management practices to ensure understanding of who is in building / systems and where they have traveled

Change Management

Manage adoption of changes and employee sentiment

- Build change management strategy to drive awareness, understanding, commitment and adoption among your workers
- Develop communications and engagement plan that addresses both returning workers and workers remaining remote
- Design and execute training on new processes, policies, and operational procedures
- Understand your cultural strengths and leverage them as a source of energy and focus. Be prepared to lead with empathy and address arising concerns





The next step is to consider mediumand longer-term actions



Real Estate & Tax

- Identify future real estate requirements based on utilisation and space configuration standards
- Consider consolidating real estate footprint and allowing more flexibility regarding the place of work
- Rethink the role of headquarters; consider whether functions need to be centralised (e.g., consider mitigating outbreak risk by establishing dual headquarters)
- Evaluate changing tax policies and regulations across your geographic footprint to influence changes in location and supply chain strategy
- Evaluate ability to report employee work location and impact on state and local taxes



Vendor & Contingent Workforce Management

- Review contingent workforce management practices
- Assess ability of vendors to continue delivering work in light of disruption
- Review flexibility/ability of staff to execute work during the crisis; evaluate mix of fixed vs. flex talent and alternative staffing model needs
- Consider offshore/outsourced providers and local lockdown implications on business continuity; evaluate opportunities to redistribute work on a temporary or permanent basis
- Consider establishing proper notices and transparent policies for consumers and workers if sharing their data with third parties



Virtual & Remote Workplace

- Consider developing training for leaders/managers on managing staff in a remote model (e.g., motivating, building team spirit, coaching, managing performance)
- Enable virtual delivery of all talent processes (e.g., interviews, onboarding, training, day-to-day work, offboarding)
- Reimagine big in-person meetings and sales interactions (sales kick-offs, conferences)
- Enable permanent remote work positions with secure enablement strategies.
- Ensure continuity with technology and operational resilience strategies



Supply Chain

- Consider moving some offshore production facilities onshore
- Align staff location plans with public policy and incentives for local employment as these evolve post-pandemic
- Adapt supply plans to account for risks in availability of key materials
- Assess and update inventory strategy to ensure readiness for future crises and readiness to rapidly scale up or down
- Enhance supplier diversity strategy to prioritise small, local suppliers to demonstrate investment in community rebuilding
- Enhance scale with rapid ability to assess third parties and supply chain partners

Where to begin

You can kick-start Return to Workplace (RtW) planning by beginning with the following items:

Establish Return to Workplace (RtW) Task Force

Identify internal leaders / stakeholders who will lead the mobilisation of the return to workplace response, who may already be in place managing the crisis

Establish Guiding Principles for RtW Transition

Align with RtW Task Force Leaders on the primary goals of the transition including the target experience for stakeholders

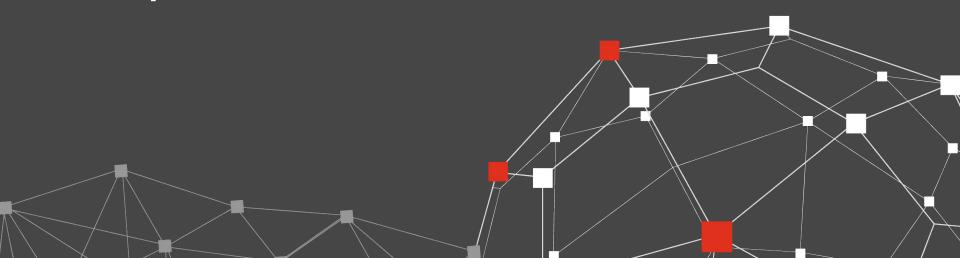
Assess Effectiveness of COVID-19 Response

Identify areas for improvement across six areas of response (Crisis Management, Workforce, Operations & Supply Chain, Tax & Trade, Finance & Liquidity, Strategy & Brand)

Conduct Workshop to Launch RtW Planning

Design and facilitate return-to-work strategy workshop with RtW Task Force to address considerations across the four RtW decision categories (Health & Safety, Type of Work, Financial, Worker Needs / Preference)

Appendix A: Detailed return to workplace decisions



"Health & Safety" Considerations





Health & Safety



Type of Work



Financial (Cost & Revenue)



Worker Needs / Preference



- Monitor and ensure compliance with any federal, state and local regulations (e.g. social distancing recommendations)
- Scenario plan for various social distancing timelines and guidance that could be communicated by local, state, and federal govts.
- Consider offshore/outsourced providers and global service delivery as local lockdowns have implications on business continuity
- Understand and balance need to safeguard protected personal data while implementing due diligence measures to collect, use, and share applicable data to identify, mitigate, and/or protect against a direct threat to workplace health and safety..

2 Establish a sanitary work environment

- · Update sanitisation protocols
- Consider a shift to a more stringent, regular cleaning of premises
- Consider remodeling the office space, e.g. retrofitting with plexiglass shields to limit close contact between workers
- Communicate physical distancing expectations and other guidelines on a regular basis
- Establish mechanisms to control human traffic flow
- Partner with union leadership with regard to any new manufacturing processes necessitated by physical distancing
- Consider staggering work times to de-synchronise commutes

Establish medical protocols to manage a returning workforce (i.e. anonymised temperature checking)

- Establish personal protective equipment use guidelines
- Consider health verification methods and channels (e.g. temperature checking, antibody/recovery verification, self-reporting in an app) balancing them with privacy and policy considerations
- Consider whether you should have medical staff on premises
- Define visitor protocols and screening processes; review contingent workforce management practices to ensure your organisation has an understanding of who is in your building / systems and where they have traveled

Revisit and update proper 4 environment, health, and safety (EHS) and emergency protocols

- Develop processes to respond to new infections/outbreaks quickly, including communication channels, protocols to close down facilities/office space, etc.
- Establish protocols to identify and track workers and their contacts that have been diagnosed with the disease; consider leveraging mobile tracing technology (with consideration for data privacy concerns)

"Type of Work" Considerations





Health & Safety



Type of Work



Financial (Cost & Revenue)



Worker Needs / Preference

- Identify jobs that require in-person interaction with other people (on-site or field)
- Consider how in-person interactions evolve given new ways of working; will as much face-to-face customer interaction be required? (e.g., Sales, Relationship Managers)
- For roles where work can be performed remotely, consider a split of time in the office and working remotely, for example teams that rotate weeks or shifts in the office

- Identify jobs that require in-person interaction with technology or machinery
- Evaluate which roles are doing work that cannot continue to be effectively performed without access to machinery or technology that is located on-site
- For roles where work can only be performed on premise like manufacturing environments, consider developing consistent / fixed shift teams or pods to limit the number of people your employees interact with

- Understand where risk and 3 compliance issues are magnified if jobs are not managed on-site
- Understand the risk profile of jobs and whether risk or compliance monitoring is significantly improved when work is executed on site (e.g., trading)
- Evaluate the data privacy / cyber security risks associated with various roles and functions working via VPN / remote
- Evaluate job functions that were no impaired by remote work, for future alternative work arrangement planning, with adequate supporting technologies and resources

- Assess where productivity
 4 decreases significantly if work is
 performed off-site
- Evaluate the success of remote work during the crisis, which may vary due to a variety of factors (functions/roles, personal situations, technology), in an effort to understand where productivity dropped significantly or remained stable during the COVID-19 crisis

"Financial" Considerations





Health & Safety



Type of Work



Financial (Cost & Revenue)



Worker Needs / Preference

- Understand costs incurred or saved by bringing people back to work (e.g. cleaning fees)
- Consider the new costs associated with returning workers to the workplace in a post COVID-19 society. Examples include:
 - Routine deep cleanings
 - Frequent sanitisation
 - Non-medical masks (and their availability)
 - Medical staff
 - Remodeling of work locations (offices, factories, work sites)
 - Hazard pay / workers comp premium increase
 - Added benefits (i.e., mental health benefits)
- Identify areas where costs can be saved if work is continued remotely. Examples include:
 - Costs of in-person trainings, celebrations and events
 - Utilities, food consumption, security
 - Office services and supplies

- Identify and stand up new revenue streams
 2 or expand existing offerings
 (i.e. new products/svcs.)
- Explore and identify opportunities for revenue generation in a post COVID-19 society, including retrofitting manufacturing plants to develop products in need, expanding services in need, create new offerings, etc.
- Consider customers changing preferences in the wake of COVID-19 (e.g., more basic models / services than pre-pandemic)

- 3 Plan for fluctuations in typical business demand during the COVID-19 recovery period
- Scenario plan for increased or decreased demand to your business as society gradually transitions back to normalcy. Understand the financial and operational implications this may have for your organisation. (i.e., restaurants may only operate at 50% capacity)

"Employee Preference" Considerations





Health & Safety



Type of Work



Financial (Cost & Revenue)



Worker Needs /Preference

Assess attitudes towards their health and hygiene in the current climate

- Consider at-risk populations who may need to stay home for extensive or indefinite periods (and inclusion implications)
- Support employees' mental well-being (i.e. expanding mental health benefits) to address anxiety related to returning to the office
- Understand where your people are and what modes of transportation they use to gauge their level of exposure to other persons during their daily commute
- Assess the needs for business travel vs. virtual meetings
- Review and expand your employee listening channels
 - Gain insights into employee sentiment during the recovery period
 - Take appropriate action addressing any concerns expressed and celebrating successes in managing the crisis

2 Understand worker personal situations (i.e. childcare, financial)

- Understand how our employees' personal situation may impact their desire and willingness to return to the workplace (i.e. if schools are closed, less individuals may be able to return to workplace due to lack of childcare)
- Consider how an individuals' financial situation may impact their propensity to return to the workplace

Evaluate comfort with remote working and perceived effectiveness of collaboration tools and remote ways of working

- Consider the need to prioritise investment in tools/infrastructure that continue to enable remote/virtual collaboration (e.g., collaboration software, network bandwidth, laptops, wifi / vpn access, secure remote access, identity and access management, threat detection and response)
- Assess whether virtual collaboration is productive and maintains employee engagement

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Thank you

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